



### **[Global Gateway in Africa: Europe's Answer to China's Belt and Road](#)**

The European Commission's Global Gateway initiative will turn three years old in December. The \$300 billion infrastructure initiative was launched with great fanfare to provide developing countries in Africa and elsewhere with an alternative to China's Belt and Road Initiative. Many European stakeholders also hoped that Global Gateway would catalyze a new EU foreign policy agenda for Africa, which many critics contend is now unmoored. China Global South Project.

### **[From poverty to prosperity: China's know-how for Africa](#)**

October 17, 2024 marks the 11th China National Poverty Alleviation Day and the 32nd International Day for the Eradication of Poverty. Since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China (CPC) in 2012, the Central Committee of the CPC has prioritized poverty alleviation as a foundational task and a hallmark indicator in its pursuit of the first centenary goal of the Chinese nation, launching a comprehensive battle against poverty across the nation. CGTN.

### **[Egypt's purchase of a Chinese fighter jet is a reminder Cold War tactics are back in the Middle East](#)**

The reported agreement for Egypt to buy the Chinese Chengdu J-10C 4.5 generation fighter jets is part of a broader shift from focusing on modernizing ground troops to bolstering the air force. The details of the deal have not yet been published. Nonetheless, it reveals Egypt has two motivations beyond backing its arsenal with another fighter jet. The most important motivation for Egypt's military diversification strategy (and the biggest source of frustration) is the perceived Western technology starvation. Chatham House, The Royal Institute of International Affairs.

### **[Transatlantic Policies on China: Is There a Role for Türkiye?](#)**

Tense competition between the West and China in recent years has brought U.S. and EU policies toward Beijing into closer alignment. Although policymakers on both sides of the Atlantic acknowledge that there are areas in which they need to cooperate with China, such as on global health and climate change, their focus remains on managing competition responsibly by leveraging economic dependencies and de-risking their economies. This China-centered paradigm and geopolitical rivalry creates both challenges and possibilities for middle powers such as Türkiye seeking to derive strategic gains. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

### **[Namibia has not borrowed from China in years – ambassador](#)**

This was revealed by the Chinese ambassador to Namibia, Zhao Weiping, on Thursday during a media engagement in Windhoek. During the engagement, the ambassador shared the latest developments in terms of bilateral relations between China and Namibia. "Namibia has been sensitive about borrowing. They have borrowed over N\$1 billion in the past and have always

adhered to repaying back,” he said. He emphasised that China does not extend loans to African countries for favours, but for mutual benefit. Over the years, the Namibian government has rolled out the welcome mat to Chinese investors in the areas of road construction, railways, infrastructure development and mining. The Namibian.

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